

PLATINUM GROUP METALS

estimates as at 31 December 2011

PLATINUM

The Ore Reserve and Mineral Resource estimates were compiled in compliance with The South African Code for the Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, (The SAMREC Code, 2007). Operations and Projects outside South Africa were compiled in accordance with the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (The JORC Code, 2004) as a minimum standard. Details of the individual operations appear in Anglo American Platinum's Annual Report. Merensky Reef and UG2 Reef Mineral Resources are reported over an economic and mineable cut appropriate to the specific reef. The figures reported represent 100% of the Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves attributable to Anglo American Platinum Limited unless otherwise noted. Rounding of figures may cause computational discrepancies.

Anglo American plc's interest in Anglo American Platinum Limited is 79.8%.

Platinum – South Africa Operations		Tonnes ⁽¹⁾		Grade ⁽²⁾		Contained metal ⁽³⁾		Contained metal ⁽³⁾	
ORE RESERVES	Classification	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Merensky Reef⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾		Mt	Mt	4E PGE	4E PGE	4E tonnes	4E tonnes	4E Moz	4E Moz
	Proved	63.9	89.2	5.05	4.97	322.7	443.5	10.4	14.3
	Probable	49.1	51.0	5.16	5.05	253.4	257.7	8.1	8.3
	Total	113.0	140.2	5.10	5.00	576.2	701.3	18.5	22.5
UG2 Reef⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾									
	Proved	390.7	425.9	4.10	4.14	1,600.7	1,762.2	51.5	56.7
	Probable	250.0	204.2	4.78	4.72	1,194.1	963.3	38.4	31.0
	Total	640.7	630.2	4.36	4.33	2,794.8	2,725.4	89.9	87.6
Platreef⁽⁷⁾									
	Proved	538.8	381.3	2.84	2.93	1,532.3	1,118.5	49.3	36.0
	Proved primary ore stockpile ⁽⁸⁾	20.0	11.7	1.71	1.96	34.3	23.0	1.1	0.7
	Probable	166.5	216.3	3.24	2.68	539.9	579.4	17.4	18.6
	Total	725.4	609.3	2.90	2.82	2,106.6	1,720.9	67.7	55.3
All Reefs									
	Proved	1,013.4	908.1	3.44	3.69	3,490.1	3,347.2	112.2	107.6
	Probable	465.7	471.5	4.27	3.82	1,987.4	1,800.4	63.9	57.9
	Total⁽⁹⁾	1,479.1	1,379.7	3.70	3.73	5,477.5	5,147.6	176.1	165.5
Tailings⁽¹⁰⁾									
	Proved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Probable	18.9	21.8	0.86	1.13	16.2	24.6	0.5	0.8
	Total	18.9	21.8	0.86	1.13	16.2	24.6	0.5	0.8

Platinum – Zimbabwe Operations		Tonnes ⁽¹⁾		Grade ⁽²⁾		Contained metal ⁽³⁾		Contained metal ⁽³⁾	
ORE RESERVES	Classification	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Main Sulphide Zone⁽¹¹⁾		Mt	Mt	4E PGE	4E PGE	4E tonnes	4E tonnes	4E Moz	4E Moz
	Proved	15.0	14.3	3.68	3.69	55.2	52.9	1.8	1.7
	Probable	23.7	27.3	3.85	3.82	91.2	104.4	2.9	3.4
	Total	38.7	41.7	3.79	3.78	146.5	157.3	4.7	5.1

⁽¹⁾ **Tonnage:** Quoted as dry metric tonnes.

⁽²⁾ **Grade:** 4E PGE is the sum of Platinum, Palladium, Rhodium and Gold grades in grammes per tonne (g/t). The reported grades are as delivered for treatment.

⁽³⁾ **Contained Metal:** Contained Metal is presented in metric tonnes and million troy ounces (Moz).

⁽⁴⁾ **Merensky Reef and UG2 Reef:** The pay limits built into the basic mining equation are directly linked to the 2012 Business plan. The pay limit is based on Cost 4 which consists of 'Direct Cash Cost' (on and off mine), 'Other Indirect Costs' and 'Stay in Business Capital' (on and off mine). The reserve pay-limit varies across all operations between 1.8g/t and 3.7g/t (4E PGE). The range is a function of various factors including depth of the ore body, geological complexity, infrastructure and economic parameters.

⁽⁵⁾ **Merensky Reef:** The global Ore Reserve 4E ounce content decreased primarily due to re-allocation of previously reported Ore Reserves back to Mineral Resources as a result of changes in economic assumptions and extraction strategy at Thembelani Mine (-17.7 Mt / -2.9 Moz) and portions of the 4-shaft area at Tumela Mine (-3.2 Mt / -0.6 Moz). In addition, changes in reserve classification for portions of Tumela's 4-shaft area contribute to the Proved Ore Reserve tonnage decrease as Proved Ore Reserves have been re-classified as Probable Ore Reserves.

⁽⁶⁾ **UG2 Reef:** The global Ore Reserve 4E ounce content increased primarily due to conversion of Mineral Resources to Ore Reserves at Thembelani Mine (+26.0 Mt / +3.5 Moz) and Siphumelele Mine (+9.2 Mt / +0.9 Moz) with additional contributions from Union, Twickenham and Khomanani Mines. However, the UG2 Ore Reserves were negatively influenced due to changes in extraction strategy for portions of Tumela's 4-shaft area which resulted in the re-allocation of previously reported Ore Reserves back to Mineral Resources (-19.6 Mt / -2.8 Moz).

⁽⁷⁾ **Platreef:** The Ore Reserves 4E ounce content (inclusive of Proved primary ore stockpiles) increased due to additional drilling and re-evaluation at Mogalakwena South (+118.6 Mt / +13.0 Moz), previously this area was not considered for conversion to Ore Reserves. The Mine Life has been extended significantly as a result. For Mogalakwena North, Central and South (previously known as Zwartfontein North) the 4E pay limit is 1.0 g/t. For Sandsloot and Zwartfontein South the pay limit is unchanged at 1.7 g/t.

⁽⁸⁾ **Platreef stockpiles:** Mined ore being held for long-term future treatment. These are reported separately as Proved Ore Reserves and aggregated into the summation tabulations.

⁽⁹⁾ **Alternative units – All Reefs Total:** Tonnage in million short tons (Mton) and associated grade in troy ounces per short ton (oz/ton) for 2011 is:

Total – 1,630.4 Mton (2010: 1,520.8 Mton)

Total – 0.108 oz/ton (2010: 0.109 oz/ton)

⁽¹⁰⁾ **Tailings:** Operating tailings dams cannot be geologically assessed and therefore are not reported as part of the Ore Reserves. At Rustenburg mines a dormant dam has been evaluated and the tailings form part of the Ore Reserves statement. Tailings dam Ore Reserves are reported separately as Ore Reserves and are not aggregated to the global Ore Reserve summation.

⁽¹¹⁾ **Main Sulphide Zone:** The Main Sulphide Zone within the Great Dyke of Zimbabwe is the orebody mined at Unki Mine. The Ore Reserves for the Main Sulphide Zone relate to the Unki East mine only. Anglo American Platinum owns an effective 100% interest in Southridge Limited.

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Platinum – South Africa Operations		Tonnes ⁽¹⁾		Grade ⁽²⁾		Contained metal ⁽³⁾		Contained metal ⁽³⁾	
MINERAL RESOURCES	Classification	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Merensky Reef⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾		Mt	Mt	4E PGE	4E PGE	4E tonnes	4E tonnes	4E Moz	4E Moz
	Measured	162.1	152.5	5.57	5.53	903.7	843.1	29.1	27.1
	Indicated	273.5	254.2	5.54	5.54	1,515.4	1,408.8	48.7	45.3
	Measured and Indicated	435.6	406.7	5.55	5.54	2,419.1	2,251.9	77.8	72.4
	Inferred (in LOMP)	22.7	30.6	8.05	8.22	182.7	251.3	5.9	8.1
	Inferred (ex. LOMP)	547.1	584.9	5.08	5.28	2,778.8	3,089.0	89.3	99.3
	Total Inferred	569.8	615.5	5.20	5.43	2,961.5	3,340.3	95.2	107.4
UG2 Reef⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾		Mt	Mt	4E PGE	4E PGE	4E tonnes	4E tonnes	4E Moz	4E Moz
	Measured	391.9	408.4	5.33	5.42	2,090.5	2,213.6	67.2	71.2
	Indicated	547.2	521.0	5.21	5.48	2,849.6	2,853.1	91.6	91.7
	Measured and Indicated	939.1	929.4	5.26	5.45	4,940.1	5,066.7	158.8	162.9
	Inferred (in LOMP)	9.0	25.1	4.97	4.95	44.9	124.0	1.4	4.0
	Inferred (ex. LOMP)	660.1	735.4	5.23	5.55	3,449.4	4,080.0	110.9	131.2
	Total Inferred	669.1	760.5	5.22	5.53	3,494.3	4,204.0	112.3	135.2
Platreef⁽⁷⁾		Mt	Mt	4E PGE	4E PGE	4E tonnes	4E tonnes	4E Moz	4E Moz
	Measured	219.1	110.3	2.38	2.38	522.0	262.3	16.8	8.4
	Indicated	980.9	860.1	2.20	2.19	2,158.3	1,883.2	69.4	60.5
	Measured and Indicated	1,199.9	970.3	2.23	2.21	2,680.3	2,145.5	86.2	69.0
	Inferred (in LOMP)	10.0	90.0	4.15	2.96	41.3	266.6	1.3	8.6
	Inferred (ex. LOMP)	1,575.5	1,110.1	2.12	1.80	3,344.8	1,993.6	107.5	64.1
	Total Inferred	1,585.5	1,200.1	2.14	1.88	3,386.0	2,260.2	108.9	72.7
All Reefs		Mt	Mt	4E PGE	4E PGE	4E tonnes	4E tonnes	4E Moz	4E Moz
	Measured	773.1	671.2	4.55	4.95	3,516.2	3,319.0	113.0	106.7
	Indicated	1,801.5	1,635.3	3.62	3.76	6,523.3	6,145.1	209.7	197.6
	Measured and Indicated⁽⁸⁾	2,574.7	2,306.4	3.90	4.10	10,039.5	9,464.1	322.8	304.3
	Inferred (in LOMP)	41.7	145.7	6.45	4.41	268.9	642.0	8.6	20.6
	Inferred (ex. LOMP)	2,782.7	2,430.5	3.44	3.77	9,572.9	9,162.5	307.8	294.6
	Total Inferred	2,824.4	2,576.1	3.48	3.81	9,841.8	9,804.5	316.4	315.2
Tailings⁽⁹⁾		Mt	Mt	4E PGE	4E PGE	4E tonnes	4E tonnes	4E Moz	4E Moz
	Measured	87.6	87.6	1.08	1.08	94.3	94.3	3.0	3.0
	Indicated	17.9	0.4	1.13	0.89	20.2	0.4	0.6	0.0
	Measured and Indicated	105.5	88.1	1.09	1.08	114.5	94.7	3.7	3.0
	Inferred (in LOMP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Inferred (ex. LOMP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Inferred	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

THE MINERAL RESOURCES ARE REPORTED AS ADDITIONAL TO ORE RESERVES.

Platinum – Zimbabwe Operations		Tonnes ⁽¹⁾		Grade ⁽²⁾		Contained metal ⁽³⁾		Contained metal ⁽³⁾	
MINERAL RESOURCES	Classification	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Main Sulphide Zone⁽¹⁰⁾		Mt	Mt	4E PGE	4E PGE	4E tonnes	4E tonnes	4E Moz	4E Moz
	Measured	8.7	8.7	4.15	4.12	36.0	35.7	1.2	1.1
	Indicated	21.2	19.2	4.13	4.17	87.5	80.2	2.8	2.6
	Measured and Indicated	29.8	27.9	4.14	4.16	123.5	116.0	4.0	3.7
	Inferred (in LOMP)	14.2	14.2	4.19	4.19	59.5	59.6	1.9	1.9
	Inferred (ex. LOMP)	35.5	35.5	4.09	4.09	144.9	144.8	4.7	4.7
	Total Inferred	49.6	49.7	4.12	4.12	204.4	204.5	6.6	6.6

THE MINERAL RESOURCES ARE REPORTED AS ADDITIONAL TO ORE RESERVES.

Due to the uncertainty that may be attached to some Inferred Mineral Resources, it cannot be assumed that all or part of an Inferred Mineral Resource will necessarily be upgraded to an Indicated or Measured Resource after continued exploration.

⁽¹⁾ **Tonnage:** Quoted as dry metric tonnes.

⁽²⁾ **Grade:** 4E PGE is the sum of Platinum, Palladium, Rhodium and Gold grades in grammes per tonne (g/t).

3E PGE is the sum of Platinum, Palladium and Gold grades in grammes per tonne (g/t).

⁽³⁾ **Contained Metal:** Contained Metal is presented in metric tonnes and million troy ounces (Moz).

⁽⁴⁾ **Merensky Reef and UG2 Reef:** The Mineral Resources are estimated over a practical minimum mining width suitable for the deposit known as the 'Resource Cut'. The minimum mining width over which Mineral Resources are declared is 90cm. The 'Resource Cut' width takes cognisance of the mining method and geotechnical aspects in the hanging wall or footwall of the reef. The delineation of the Resources that meet the requirements of reasonable expectation of eventual economic extraction has been defined using the modifying factors as defined in the SAMREC code. These include but are not limited to mineability, geological complexity, processability and economic factors relevant to Anglo American Platinum. The minimum resource grades per reef and per operation are in all instances greater than the Cost 4 pay limit. Investigations conducted in 2011 to determine maximum mining depths related to virgin rock temperatures have been concluded. A virgin rock temperature of 75° Celsius is currently considered to be the limit to mining given anticipated technology, metal prices and energy costs. The affected portions of the Inferred Mineral Resources within the Mining Rights of Tumela Mine, Twickenham Mine and Ga-Phasha PGM Project are therefore re-classified as Deposit within the Anglo American Platinum's portfolio (-128.7 Mt / -26.1 Moz). During 2011 Wesizwe Platinum issued additional shares which diluted Anglo American Platinum's attributable share in Wesizwe Platinum to 13% (from the previous 26.6%). As a result Anglo American Platinum can no longer apply equity accounting but has to reflect the investment as an asset held for sale valued at market value (-27.0 Mt / -4.6 Moz).

⁽⁵⁾ **Merensky Reef:** The decrease in Mineral Resources is primarily due to previously reported Mineral Resources being re-classified as Deposit in areas where the virgin rock temperature is expected to be above 75° Celsius. This applies mainly to Tumela Mine (-26.6 Mt / -6.7 Moz). Disposal of Wesizwe's Mineral Resources (-12.0 Mt / -2.4 Moz) also contributes to the decrease. However the Merensky Reef Mineral Resources were positively influenced due to re-allocation of previously reported Ore Reserves back to Mineral Resources as a result of changes in economic assumptions at Thembelani Mine (+13.8 Mt / + 3.1 Moz).

⁽⁶⁾ **UG2 Reef:** The decrease in Mineral Resources is primarily due to previously reported Mineral Resources being re-classified as Deposit in areas where the virgin rock temperature is expected to be above 75° Celsius. This applies to Tumela Mine, Twickenham Mine and Ga-Phasha PGM Project (-101.9 Mt / -19.4 Moz). The exclusion of Wesizwe's Mineral Resources (-15.0 Mt / -2.2 Moz) and conversion of Mineral Resources to Ore Reserves at Thembelani and Siphumelele (-27.1 Mt / -4.5 Moz) also contributes to the decrease. The decrease is offset by an increase of Mineral Resources at the Der Brochen Project due to a change in the mining method (from ultra-low profile to low-profile mechanised board and pillar mining) which increases the resource cut (+81.0 Mt / +2.8 Moz).

⁽⁷⁾ **Platreef:** A 1.0g/t (4E PGE) cut-off has been used to define Mineral Resources. The Mineral Resource 4E ounce content increased primarily due to additional borehole information which has confirmed the presence of the Platreef at higher elevation in localised areas to the west and below the original pit shell. Until a better understanding of this structure has been determined, a low classification confidence and a 100m swathe of geological loss have been applied to these elevated resources. Conceptual pit shell evaluations have indicated that the pit could extend to the west and deeper to exploit these resources. Consequently, the Mineral Resource reporting depth has increased by approximately 200m to 650m below surface elevation (equivalent to 400m a.m.s.l.). Due to this increase in reporting depth the Mineral Resources increase substantially. Pit design test work has confirmed that these resources are potentially open pit. The increase in tonnage is offset by the decrease of Mineral Resources due to additional conversion of Mineral Resources to Ore Reserves at Mogalakwena South (-123.6 Mt / -13.9 Moz) and at Sandsloot, where previously reported Mineral Resources are excluded as the limit of surface mining has been reached (-34.6 Mt / -3.2 Moz). No Mineral Resources applicable to underground mining have been included. However, stockpile material is included which comprises calc-silicate and oxidised material with a cut-off grade of greater than 3g/t (5.2 Mt / 0.6 Moz).

⁽⁸⁾ **Alternative units – All Reefs Measured and Indicated:** Tonnage in million short tons (Mton) and associated grade in troy ounces per short ton (oz/ton) for 2011 is:

Measured and Indicated – 2,838.1 Mton (2010: 2,542.4 Mton)

Measured and Indicated – 0.114 oz/ton (2010: 0.120 oz/ton)

⁽⁹⁾ **Tailings:** Operating tailings dams cannot be geologically assessed and therefore are not reported as part of the Mineral Resources. At Rustenburg mines a dormant dam has been evaluated and the tailing forms part of the Mineral Resource statement. During 2010 the tailings dams at Union Mine were reactivated and their resources were removed from the Mineral Resource statement. However, for 2011, some of the Union tailings were de-activated and as consequence now form part of the Mineral Resource statement. A dormant tailings dam at Amandelbult is currently being drilled and its resources will be evaluated in 2012.

⁽¹⁰⁾ **Main Sulphide Zone:** The Main Sulphide Zone is the orebody mined at Unki Mine. The Mineral Resources for the Main Sulphide Zone relate to the Unki East and West mines only. Anglo American Platinum owns an effective 100% interest in Southridge Limited. During 2011 a new resource evaluation was completed covering Unki South, Helvetia and Paarl projects (contained within the special mining lease held by Southridge Limited). However, an independent external review of these Mineral Resource is outstanding and will only be completed during the first quarter of 2012 and therefore the Mineral Resources reported re-state the Unki East and West mines resources.

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Platinum – Other Projects		Tonnes ⁽¹⁾		Grade ⁽²⁾		Contained metal ⁽³⁾		Contained metal ⁽³⁾	
MINERAL RESOURCES		2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Classification									
South Africa									
Boikgantsho ⁽⁴⁾	Measured	Mt	Mt	3E PGE	3E PGE	3E tonnes	3E tonnes	3E Moz	3E Moz
Platreef	Indicated	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Measured and Indicated	37.0	86.6	1.30	1.35	47.9	116.9	1.5	3.8
	Inferred	1.8	51.0	1.14	1.23	2.1	62.7	0.1	2.0
Sheba's Ridge⁽⁵⁾									
	Measured	28.0	111.8	0.88	0.85	24.6	95.1	0.8	3.1
	Indicated	34.0	128.4	0.85	0.95	29.1	122.1	0.9	3.9
	Measured and Indicated	62.0	240.1	0.87	0.90	53.6	217.2	1.7	7.0
	Inferred	149.9	0.9	0.96	0.85	144.5	0.8	4.6	0.0
Brazil									
Pedra Branca ⁽⁶⁾	Inferred	6.6	6.6	2.27	2.27	15.0	15.0	0.5	0.5

Due to the uncertainty that may be attached to some Inferred Mineral Resources, it cannot be assumed that all or part of an Inferred Mineral Resource will necessarily be upgraded to an Indicated or Measured Resource after continued exploration.

⁽¹⁾ **Tonnage:** Quoted as dry metric tonnes.

⁽²⁾ **Grade:** 4E PGE is the sum of platinum, palladium, rhodium and gold grades in grammes per tonne (g/t).

3E PGE is the sum of platinum, palladium and gold grades in grammes per tonne (g/t).

⁽³⁾ **Contained Metal:** Contained Metal is presented in metric tonnes and million troy ounces (Moz).

⁽⁴⁾ **Boikgantsho:** Anglo American Platinum holds an attributable interest of 49% of the Joint Venture between Anglo American Platinum and Anoroaq Resources. During 2011 a new resource evaluation was completed resulting in a significant change to the previous reporting which was unchanged since 2004. A cut-off grade of 1g/t (3E) was applied, the same as for Mogalakwena Platreef (1g/t 4E). The new evaluation excludes oxidised material up to a depth of 40m. The resources are reported only to a depth of 300m below surface and excludes losses due to the major dykes and a swathe of 200m either side of the major Drenthe fault, which has a displacement of approximately 2.2km.

⁽⁵⁾ **Sheba's Ridge:** Anglo American Platinum holds an attributable interest of 35% of the Joint Venture between Anglo American Platinum, Aquarius Platinum and the South African Industrial Development Corporation (IDC). Re-interpretation of the geology together with structural complexity resulted in a revised model with a significant decrease of the resource classification confidence. Additionally, the reporting depth below surface has been reduced. Note that since 2011 the joint venture area encompasses all Prospects Rights of the Sheba's Ridge project. The geological loss increased from a previously used 0.5% to 5% within the Measured category and to 10% within the Indicated and Inferred categories. Previously the cutoff grade used was \$10.5/t recoverable value, a figure supplied by Ridge Mining using metal price projections and metallurgical recoveries. This was changed to 0.5g/t (3E) in the current model.

⁽⁶⁾ **Pedra Branca:** Anglo American Platinum holds an attributable interest of 51% of the Joint Venture between Anglo American Platinum and Solitario Resources & Royalty. A cut-off of 0.7g/t (3E PGE) was applied for resource definition.

The following Operations and Projects contributed to the combined 2011 Ore Reserve and Mineral Resource estimates stated per reef (excluding Other Projects):

Operations:	%	Mine Life
Bafokeng Rasimone Platinum Mine (BRPM) – MR/UG2	33%	30+
Bathopele Mine – UG2	100%	15
Bokoni Platinum Mine – MR/UG2	49%	30+
Dishaba Mine – MR/UG2	100%	30+
Khomanani Mine – MR/UG2	100%	17
Khuseleka Mine – MR/UG2	100%	27
Kroondal Platinum Mine – UG2	50%	7
Marikana Platinum Mine – UG2	50%	7
Modikwa Platinum Mine – MR/UG2	50%	19
Mogalakwena Mine – PR	100%	30+
Mototolo Platinum Mine – UG2	50%	5*
Pandora – UG2	42.5%	23
Siphumelele Mine – MR/UG2	100%	30+
Thembelani Mine – MR/UG2	100%	27
Tumela Mine – MR/UG2	100%	30+
Twickenham Platinum Mine – MR/UG2	100%	30+
Union Mine – MR/UG2	85%	26
Unki Mine – MSZ	100%	27
Projects:		
Der Brochen Project – MR/UG2	100%	
Ga-Phasha PGM Project – MR/UG2	49%	
Magazynskraal Project – MR/UG2	20%	
Other Exploration Projects (portions of Driekop/Rustenburg) – MR/UG2	37.5% to 100%	
Rustenburg – Non Mine Projects – MR/UG2	100%	

MR = Merensky Reef, UG2 = UG2 Reef, PR = Platreef, MSZ = Main Sulphide Zone;

% = Anglo American Platinum Limited attributable interest;

Mine Life = The extraction period in years for scheduled Ore Reserves comprising Proved and Probable Reserves only considering the combined MR and UG2 production where applicable;

* Only 5 years of Ore Reserves are declared as per Xstrata policy.

Information was provided by the Joint Venture partners for the following operations and projects:

Operations – BRPM, Bokoni, Kroondal, Marikana, Modikwa, Mototolo, Pandora, (only Ore Reserve information for BRPM and Modikwa)

Projects – Pedra Branca, Sheba's Ridge, Ga-Phasha, Magazynskraal

Audits related to the generation of the Ore Reserve and Mineral Resource statements were carried out by independent consultants during 2011 at the following operations:

Bathopele, Dishaba, Khomanani, Mogalakwena, Siphumelele, Thembelani, Tumela, Union.